Alexandria Advertiser AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. III.] WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1803. No. 824.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

10 o'clock, *will be sold at the Vendue Store,*

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate
White and brown Soap } in boxes,
Mould and dip'd Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,
FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Platillas,
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

August 1.

Sales by Auction.

SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Cassimeres,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfthicks,	Bedticks,
Fearnaught,	Oznaburgs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other Stockings,	India Cottons, &c &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auctioneer.*

August 1.

For Sale,

Philadelphia Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Three pipes old Lisbon Wine,
Pennsylvania and Swedish Bar Iron,
One pair Burr Mill Stones, 5 feet diameter,
One pair Cologne do. about 5 feet.

And at the Mill,

Shorts and Bran,
Ship Stuff,
Indian Meal,
Rye Meal,
Oats,
Plaster of Paris by the bushel.

William Hartshorne.

7th Mo. 29. d

Wanted to Hire,

A steady NEGRO MAN, of middle age, who can be well recommended for his honesty and sobriety.— —Apply to the Printer. July 12. eo

Public Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of the Court of Columbia District, at the last June term, holden in Alexandria, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money,

SUNDRY

Wooden Houses & Improvements,

Situate upon lots of ground on the south side of King street, between Royal and Pitt streets, which had been leased by Mordecai Miller to James Kidd for a term of years now ended. The sale will be made on the last Monday in August next, at the premises, in the forenoon of the same day. The purchaser has the right of removing the houses and improvements at any time before the 29th day of October next, from the lots whereon they are erected. Any person may view and examine the houses by application to John Horseburg and Matthew Eakin, in whose occupation they now are, and they will be sold separate or together, as may be found most expedient on the day of sale, for the purpose of selling them for the best price.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

July 26. 2awtds

Public Sale.

On Monday, the 15th day of August next, at 4 o'clock, P. M. will positively be sold on the premises,

Those two Wooden Houses on the S. W. corner of Washington and King street, at present occupied by Philip Russell and John Violet. For terms, &c. apply to Jonah Thompson, Esq. or

Thos. Patten, Auctioneer

July 27.

WILLIAM RAMSAY

HAS OPENED

A Grocery Store in Prince street,

Next door to Dr. Dick's,

Where he intends keeping a general assortment of genuine articles in that line, and now offers for sale on moderate terms,

LONDON particular
Madeira,
Port in casks and bottles, } WINES,
Colmenar and Malaga

Old St. Julian and Medoc Claret in cases of 2 dozen each,
White Wine Vinegar,
4th proof Jamaica Rum,
Do. Cogniac Brandy,
Holland Gin,
Loaf, lump and Muscovado Sugar,
Sugar House Molasses,
Imperial,
Chulan,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Souchong,
Pouchong Souchong,
Padra Souchong,
Peco Souchong,
Bohea } *Fresh Teas of the latest Importation,*
Green Coffee,
Durham and Dixon's Mustard,
Allspice, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Nutmegs,
Nantz and Bourdeaux Sallad Oil,
Catchup, brandied Fruits and English Pickles,
Olives, Capers and Anchovies,
Prunes, Raisins, and soft shell Almonds,
Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
Do. best Smoaking Tobacco,
Martin's best Spanish Segars,
Basket Salt for table use,
Georgia Cotton,
Martinique Noyeau,
Mould and dipp'd Candles,
Jersey Cheese of an excellent quality,
Wrapping Paper, brown and blue,
Roll Brimstone, Fig Blue.

To be Rented,

And possession given immediately, the dwelling HOUSE above said store. It is now in good repair, and well calculated to accommodate a genteel family. Apply as above. June 27. d

Notice.

Battalion Courts of Enquiry of the 2d legion of the Militia of the District of Columbia, will be held at the Court House on Monday the first day of August next, for the assessment of fines for non-attendance at the musters in June and July. July 23. d7

For Sale, or to Rent,

A two story BRICK HOUSE on Duke street, with every necessary building adjoining to it. *Also,*

A vacant Lot on Cameron street, adjoining the Bank. For terms apply to

Lawrence Hooff.

July 21. d1st

JAMES BACON

HAS OPENED

A Grocery, Tea, Wine and Liquor Store,

In King street, next door but one to Washington street, where he offers for sale, the following genuine articles, viz.

1st, 2d and 3d quality Muscovado Sugar,
Loaf and lump do.
Best Green Coffee,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Padra Souchong,
Souchong
and
Bohea } *Teas,*
Madeira,
Sherry,
Teneriffe,
Port,
Lisbon and
Malaga } *Wines,*
Claret in cases of 1 to 3 dozen,
Jamaica, Antigua, and N. E. Rum,
Cogniac and Barcelona Brandy,
Holland Geneva,
5th proof warranted Irish Whiskey,
Country do.
Wine and Cyder Vinegar,
Best Albany Chocolate,
Mould and dipp'd Candles,
White and brown Soap,
Patent Shot assorted, from 1 to 10,
Best English Gunpowder,
Muscatell Raisins in boxes,
Soft shell Almonds,
Spinning Cotton,
Peppers, black and Cayenne,
Pimento, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs,
Cinnamon and Cassia,
Durham Mustard, Pickles assorted,
Pearl and Scotch Barley,
Rice, Madder, Allum, Copperas,
Indigo, Glauber Salts,
Olive Oil of a superior quality,
Godfroid's warranted Segars,
Best chewing Tobacco,
Snuff in lb. and half lb. bottles,
Race and Ground Ginger,
Starch and Fig Blue,
Pipes in kegs,
Wrapping Paper, &c. &c.

He solicits custom from his friends and the public, and not only assures them that he will dispose of his Goods on as good terms as any other house in town, but that he will at all times supply them with the very best articles that can be procured at the different markets.

June 24. d

Potomac Company.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Potomac Company, will be held at the Union Tavern in George Town, *on Monday the first day of August next,* at which time and place a full attendance of the proprietors is particularly requested, to deliberate on the affairs of the Company, that will then be laid before them for their consideration.

By order,

JOS. CARLETON, *Treasurer.*

George Town, July 6. d1stA.

For SALE or CHARTER,

The Schooner

SAUCY JACK,

burthen about 70 tons, now lying at Hewes and Miller's wharf. For terms apply to the captain on board.

August 2. 3td

For FREIGHT,

(To one port in England)

The SHIP

FAVORITE,

Capt. Wm. Rindge,

lying at Thompson's wharf. Will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days; burthen about three hundred hhds. or twenty five hundred bls.

Apply to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

August 1. d

For Freight or Charter,

The new Schooner

UNION,

of Boston,

Samuel Hutchens, Master,

burthen about 90 tons or 800 barrels of flour. Apply to the master on board at Irwin's wharf, or to

JANNEY & PATON,

Who have for sale on board said vessel,

90 *tons Plaister Paris.*

July 26. d

FOR NEW-YORK,

(A CONSTANT TRADER,)

The fast sailing Schooner

FRIENDSHIP,

John Quandrill, Master;

will sail in the course of a few days. For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, lying at Ricketts, Newton & Co's wharf, or to

P. CARE, Union street.

Who has for Sale,

40 kegs Powder,
30 do. Ground Ginger,
30 tons Plaister of Paris,
60 bls. Shad,
50 do. Herrings, and
A quantity of fine and coarse Salt, &c.

July 25. d

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The BRIG

NANCY,

Captain GALLAGHER,

Now lying at Ramsey's wharf. Burthen 130 tons.

Apply to

Janney & Paton.

Who have just received, per said brig,

28 tierces RICE.

July 22. d

Ricketts, Newton and Co.

Have received and for Sale,

A few bales German Linens,
2 trunks calicoes and chintzes,
2 do. hosiery,
10 boxes wool and cotton cards,
5 tresses threads,
30 boxes dipp'd and mould candles,
10 hhds. molasses,
4 do. Jamaica spirits,
6 do. sugars,
20 barrels prime pork,
50 do. herrings,
20 do. shad,
30 kegs James river tobacco,
100 tons plaister.

☞ *They are giving Cash, for wheat, flour, corn, rye, beans and tobacco.*

August 1. d

Notice of Removal.

DOCTOR HAMILTON has removed to the lower part of King street, upon the corner of Water street, where he, as usual, continues the practice of Medicine in all its branches.

July 29. d

...chester Coffee House & Hotel

...HE subscriber respectfully inform... the public that he has opened a hous... commodation for gentlemen travel... He flatters himself that his exerti... give general satisfaction will entit... m to the patronage of the public... ewspapers from Boston, New York... elphia, Baltimore, Washington, A... ria, Richmond, Norfolk & Charlest... S. C.) are regularly taken. Ta... himself of this opportunity to return... cere thanks to those who have ha... him with their custom, and assure... that a continuance of their favou... ways act as a stimulus to further... ons. He has good, stablage, ha... ain, with a trusty hostler.

A. Lindo,

...chester, July 15. 1awtf

☞ *Notice.*

...MAS GREEN will conduct my... during my stay at the Springs... ope will give general satisfaction... as favor me with their custom... forewarn all persons from having... with my apprentices, without... sent, as I shall proceed against... the law directs.

JOHN S. SCOTT.

12. eo

REMOVAL.

...n. HARTSHORNE

...oved his store and counting room... south side of Kirk's wharf, lower... Wolfe street,

He will sell or rent,

on Hooe's wharf, with the pri... landing and shipping goods free... age. The house is 75 feet long... ide and two stories high, lined... ot, and granaries fixed on the 2d... ors. 7 mo. 27. d

...or Sale, or Rent,

...story BRICK HOUSE... Street, next door to Bennet and... and is a good stand for busines...

—A number of building... n Fairfax Street, near the Pres... Meeting House; some on Wolf... d on Wilkes Street.

For Sale,

...all HOUSE and LOT... st side of Water Street, near the... Duke Street.

...undles of new Hay,

...asks of Wrought NAILS, 8d, ...od.

WM. HARTSHORNE.

...h mo. 15th. d

...ASS CARPETS.

...legant patterns, just received... g Alexandria, and for sale by... *...ah Thompson & Son.*

d

...SALE, or RENT,

...STORE I have occu... ...netime past, situated on Prince... ...site Col. Hooe's. There is on... ...wn more eligible or better cal... ...carrying on an extensive wh... ...d Business. The Cellar per... ...with a door at each end, will... ...housand barrels of Flour.— ...e hundred barrels may be flow... Premises without any incon... the occupant. For terms ap...

WILLIAM OXLEY.

...7. eo

...EPH BILLING,

...UILDER & PIANO FOR... ...TE MAKER,

...Robert Young's store, lower... King street, Alexandria,

...spectfully informs the... ...entlemen of this place that... ...urch, Chamber, and Barrel... ...nized Piano Fortes, and Pi... ...all qualities.

...at the stability of his work... ...ration of his charges, will... ...patronage of the public.

...airs and tunes in town

1aw7t

...Sale or Rent,

...FRAME HOUSE well... ...ashington street, between... ...e street. Apply to

...E. J. H. Tucker.

1aw3w

...TED DAILY BY

...NOWDEN.

Negociation with France.

CONTINUED.

(No. 65.)

Extract of a dispatch from Lord Whitworth to Lord Hawkesbury, dated May 2, 1803.

Another day has passed over without producing any change. I determined to go myself to M. de Talleyrand, and to deliver instead of sending the inclosed letter. I told him that it was with great reluctance that I came to make this last application to him. That I had long since informed him of the extent of the term which had been assigned for my stay at Paris, and as I had received to this moment no answer whatever to the proposal I had repeatedly made, I could no longer delay requiring him to furnish me with the necessary passports for the return of myself, my family, and the remainder of the mission to England. Upon this I gave him a letter, a copy of which I enclose, and on reading it he appeared somewhat startled. He lamented that so much time had been lost but said that enough remained, if I was authorised to negociate on other terms. I could of course but repeat to him that, I had no other terms to propose, and that therefore unless the First Consul could so far gain upon himself as to sacrifice a false punctilio to the certainty of a war of which no one could forrsee the consequence; nothing could possibly prevent my departure tomorrow night. He hoped, he said, this was not so near, that he would communicate my letter, and what I had said, to the First Consul immediately, and that in all probability I should hear from him this evening. I thought, however, right to apprize him that it was quite impossible I could be induced to disobey his Majesty's orders, and protract a negociation on terms so disadvantageous to ourselves, unless he should furnish me with such a justification as would leave me no room to hesitate: and that I did not see that any thing short of a full acquiescence in his Majesty's demands could have that effect. He repeated that he would report the conversation to the First Consul, and that I should shortly hear from him.

In this state the business now rests; I am expecting either a proposition, or my passports, and am consequently taking every measure for setting out to-morrow night.

(Translation referred to in No. 65.

SIR,

When I had the honor on Tuesday last of communicating to you, officially, the last propositions which I was instructed by my court to submit to the French government, for the sake of removing the present difficulties, I had the honour to announce to you, that in case the First Consul should not consent to these propositions, I should find myself under the necessity of leaving Paris in eight days. We are nearly arrived at the end of this period, without my having received any answer to this communication. It remains for me only, therefore, to obey the orders of the King, my master, to return to him; and for this purpose I entreat you to have the goodness to furnish me with the necessary passports.

I seize this opportunity of renewing to your excellency the assurance of my high consideration.

(Signed) WHITWORTH.

(No. 66.)

Extract of a dispatch from Lord Whitworth to Lord Hawkesbury, dated Paris, Wednesday morning, May 4, 1803.

Soon after I had dispatched the messenger the night before last, with my dispatches of the 3d, I received a communication of M. de Talleyrand, of which I enclose a copy, the purport of which was so completely short of every thing which could be satisfactory, that I did not think myself authorised to enter into a discussion upon it, and as early as I could, on the following morning, I returned the answer of which the enclosed is a copy.

After this I concluded of course, that there was an end to the negociation. I had, for some days past, been preparing for my departure; every measure was taken for setting out at four o'clock this morning, and we were expecting only the passports which I had demanded for the purpose of ordering the post horses. The day and the evening passed without the passports having been sent; and whilst we were deliberating on the motives of such a delay, about 12 o'clock at night, a gentleman who was with me, received a communication which convinced me that it was not meant to give me my passports without another attempt; and I was not, therefore, surprised when about 1 o'clock I received the enclosed note from M. de Talleyrand.

In this situation I am waiting the hour of rendezvous with M. de Talleyrand.

Translation—(First inclosure referred to in No. 66.)

The undersigned has reported to the first consul the conversation which he had with his excellency Lord Whitworth, on the 6th of this month, and in which his excellency announced that his Britannic majesty had ordered him to make verbally, in his name, the following demands:

1st. That his Britannic majesty should retain his troops at Malta for ten years.

2d. That the island of Lampedosa should be ceded to him in full possession.

3d. That the French troops should evacuate Holland.

And that if no convention on this basis should have been signed within a week, his excellency lord Whitworth had orders to terminate his mission, and to return to London.

On the demand made by the undersigned, that lord Whitworth would, in conformity to the usage of all ages and of all countries, gave in writing what he himself called the Ultimatum of his government, his excellency declared that his instructions expressly forbid him to transmit, on this subject, any written note.

The intentions of the first consul being entirely pacific, the undersigned dispenses with making any observations on so new and so strange a manner of treating on affairs of this importance.

And in order to give a fresh testimony of the value which he attaches to the continuance of peace, the first consul has directed the undersigned to make the following notification in the accustumed style and forms.

As the island of Lampedosa does not belong to France, it is not for the first consul either to accede to or to refuse the desire testified by his Britannic Majesty, of having this island in his possession.

With regard to the island of Malta, as the demand made respecting it by his Britannic Majesty would change a formal disposition in the treaty of Amiens, the first consul cannot but previously communicate it to his majesty the king of Spain and to the Batavian republic, contracting parties to the said treaty, in order to know their opinion; and besides, as the stipulations relative to Malta have been guaranteed by their majesties the emperor of Germany, the emperor of Russia, and the king of Prussia, the contracting parties to the treaty of Amiens, before they agree to any change in the article of Malta, are bound to concert with the guaranteeing powers.

The first consul will not refuse this concert, but it belongs not to him to propose it, since it is not he who urges any change in the guaranteed stipulations.

With regard to the evacuation of Holland by the French troops, the first consul has no difficulty in directing the undersigned to repeat that the French troops shall evacuate Holland at the instant that the stipulations of the treaty of Amiens shall be executed in every quarter of the globe.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity to renew to his excellency the English ambassador, the assurance of his high consideration.

CH. MAU. TALLEYRAND.

Paris, 12th Floreal, Year 11,
(2d May, 1803.)

TRANSLATION.

(Second inclosure referred to in No. 66.)

The undersigned, in answer to the note which M. de Talleyrand transmitted to him yesterday evening, has the honor to observe to him, that the king has had no other motive in seeking to accelerate the proceedings of the negociation, than to relieve as soon as possible the two countries the most interested, and Europe in general, from the state of suspence in which they are placed. It is with great regret that he perceives nothing in his excellency's note which can correspond with this intention, and consequently nothing can justify him in delaying to obey the orders of his court. It remains, therefore, only to request the minister for foreign affairs to give him the means of obeying them, by furnishing him with the necessary passports for his return. It is however necessary for him, to rectify a mistake which has crept into M. de Talleyrand's note. The undersigned did not say he was expressly forbidden to transmit any written note on the object of the discussion, but that he was not anthorized to do it, and that he would not take that responsibility on himself.

He avails himself of this opportunity to renew to his French excellency, M. de Talleyrand the assurance of his high consideration.

(Signed) WHITWORTH.

Paris, May 3, 1803.

TRANSLATION.

(Third inclosure in No. 66.)

Paris, May 3 1803.

My Lord,

Having to morrow morning to make to you a communication of the greatest importance, I have the honor to inform you of it without delay, in order that you may not expect this evening the passports which you had demanded. I propose that you should call to morrow, at half past four, at the foreign department.

Receive, my Lord, the assurance of my high consideration.

(Signed) CH. MAU. TALLEYRAND.

(To be continued.)

PORTLAND, July 18.

Jamaica, ss. 1803.

Personally appeared before me one of his Majesty's Justices of the peace for the parish of St. Ann in the island aforesaid, Joseph Edes, master of the American schr. Morning Star, now riding at anchor in the harbor of Oche Rios, from Portland in America; this deponent maketh oath and saith, that on Wednesday the second day of June last past, a boat with an officer and four men belonging to a British ship of War, named the Stork, commanded by captain Cotteral came along side the aforesaid schooner in a hostile manner, and took by force four men American subjects which composed the whole crew, except the said Edes and mate of which a list of men so taken is hereunto attached; and this deponent further saith, that he is detained in the said harbour for want of hands to navigate the said schooner.

Isaac Dyer, and John Dow, born in Massachusetts. William Thompson, born in Philadelphia. Henry Dipnall, an indented apprentice to Joseph Edes.

JOSEPH EDES.

Sworn before me the 4th day of June, 1803. Wm. WESTON

From the Mississippi.

NEW YORK, July 29.

[illegible] schr. Indiana, in 41 days from [illegible] 27 from N. Orleans, we receive[illegible] information furnishing prospects highly [illegible] to the prosperity of our newly acquired western country.

The Indiana belongs at Marietta, 1000 miles up the Ohio, and 2200 from the mouth of the Mississippi. She left at N. Orleans four vessels from Marietta, and one from Pittsburgh, for Liverpool, with others for other ports.

At the time of the Indiana's departure from Marietta, the inhabitants were not apprised of the cession of Louisiana to the United States; but a general spirit was prevalent, evinsive of a determination to possess N. Orleans at all hazards.

BALTIMORE, August 1.

Arrived the brig Mary, captain West, 60 days from Oporto.

Vessels left there 2d June. Barque Columbia, Day, of Boston, from Philadelphia; ship Royal Elizabeth, Hutchinson, of Hamburgh, just arrived schooner Harriot and Ann, Cox, of Norfolk; Father and Son, Bryant, of do. Fish Hawk, Cook, of Salem.

In lat. 38, long. 72, 30, spoke the schr. Azuba and Ruth, capt. Tayer, from Newport, bound to Havannah, out 5 days, Spoke the Cornelia, captain Boyle, off Cape Henry, the 26th ultimo.

The British frigate Andromache, has detained an American schr. 3 leagues from Cape Henry; she is from Bourdeaux bound to Philadelphia, commanded by a Frenchman.

NORFOLK, July 30.

Captain Steed, from Guadaloupe, informs that it was understood the island of St. Martins was taken about the last of June. Guadaloupe was not blockadd when he sailed. An embargo was laid on all vessels for eight days on account of the departure of Jerome Buonaparte for this country.

Arrived the sloop Flora, captain Hitch 16 day from Tortola.

Brig Pearl, captain Beard 20 days from Tobago. Left there the brig ——, Bland, of Petersburgh, Schooner Juno, Darby of and for Boston, to sail in 3 days. Lat. 18, long. 64, spoke Elizabeth, Baker, from Newburyport to Cape Francois out 35 days.

Brig Relief, captain Shanks 12 days from St. Croix.

Alexandria Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3.

[The circumstance related in the subsequent article, has, we understand, excited very strong and indignant sensations among the citizens of the borough of Norfolk.]

"*Norfolk, July 30.*

"The ship Charles Carter, sailed from "this port on Saturday morning, the 23d "inst. and having got six leagues from "Cape Henry, it was her misfortune to "fall in with the British frigate Boston, "captain Douglas, who boarded her and "forced from her the following AMERICAN CITIZENS, viz. *Augustus Topham, Joseph Hudson, Thomas Hodgins,* "and ——, the Carpenter, who were "shipped in Norfolk for the voyage. On "Wednesday afternoon the Boston arrived in Hampton, Roads Aug. Topham "being a good swimmer, swam to shore; "and on his arrival here related the fate "of his companions, two of whom were "sent on board the Charles Carter, and "one, (to wit:) Joseph Hudson, is now "detained on board the Boston, waiting "his fate under the anxious expectation "that his countrymen may interpose in "his behalf, to obtain his liberty, which, "if not obtained, he has no hope but to "remain in barbarous slavery, deprived "of all that is dear to mankind—deprived of his beloved country."

Extract of a letter from France.

COMMERCIAL AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Paris, May 30, 1803.

SIR,

I have now the satisfaction of informing you, that in virtue of a convention lately entered into by our ministers with this government, all American claims which are embraced by the 2d and 3d articles of the convention concluded in September 1800, are to be revised by a board of three American citizens, and as far as may be approved by them are to be paid, principal and interest, in bills drawn by our ministers on the treasury of the United States. This board is to be formed immediately, and is to sit no longer than twelve months—it will be well therefore for you immediately on receipt of this letter to send me by two different opportunities, a notarial power of attorney for the sum that may be liquidated in favour of your vessel the detained by the embargo on American vessels at Bordeaux in the years 1793, and 1794 the whole of which is in my charge. You will instruct me by letter at the same time, in what manner and to whose order you wish me to remit the bills that I may obtain for your account.

I am with esteem, sir, yours.

(Signed) FULWAR SKIPWITH.

LISBON, 1st June, 1803.

To a merchant in this city—Philadelphia.

SIR,

As we consider it will be useful to you to know the occurrences of our market respecting your produce, we take the liberty to inform you, that arrivals having for some little time ceased, our buyers began to appear, which led us to hope for an advance in the prices, but within these two days no less than 19 cargoes have come in, composed chiefly of flour, which have occasioned a fresh alarm, and they will not now come forward with any proposals for this article.

The Spanish ports both to the northward and southward, afford no greater encouragement, as in some there is no sale at all, and in others by a tedious retail only is it practicable to dispose of a cargo; so that having now no resource, it is impossible to say where our prices will settle. At present flour may be nominally quoted at 6 dols. per barrel; wheat at 1 66-100th, and Indian corn at 80 cents per bushel on board.

This last grain looks better, but as the

...ome Buonaparte for this
...loop Flora, captain Hitch
...ortola,
...aptain Beard 20 days from
... there the brig ———,
...rsburgh, Schooner Juno,
... for Boston, to sail in 3
..., long. 64, spoke Eliza-
...m Newburyport to Cape
... days.
... captain Shanks 12 days

...ria Advertiser.

...SDAY, AUGUST 3.

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"*Norfolk, July* 30.
... Charles Carter, sailed from
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...*Hudson, Thomas Hodgins,*
..., the Carpenter, who were
...Norfolk for the voyage. On
... afternoon the Boston arriv-
...ton, Roads Aug. Topham
... wimmer, swam to shore;
...rrival here related the fate
...anions, two of whom were
...rd the Charles Carter, and
...t:) Joseph Hudson, is now
... board the Boston, waiting
...der the anxious expectation
...untrymen may interpose in
...to obtain his liberty, which,
...ned, he has no hope but to
...barbarous slavery, deprived
...is dear to mankind—deprived
...loved country."

...f a letter from France.

...IAL AGENCY OF THE
...ITED STATES.

Paris, May 30, 1803.

... the satisfaction of inform.
... in virtue of a convention
... into by our ministers with
...ent, all American claims
...braced by the 2d and 3d ar-
...convention concluded in Sep-
...are to be revised by a board
...erican citizens, and as far as
...ved by them are to be paid,
... interest, in bills drawn by
... on the treasury of the Unit-
... his board is to be formed
... and is to sit no longer than
...s—it will be well therefore
...diately on receipt of this let-
...ne by two different opportu-
...ial power of attorney for the
... be liquidated in favour of
...e detained
...go on American vessels at
...he years 1793, and 1794 the
...ich is in my charge. You
... me by letter at the same
... manner and to whose order
...o remit the bills that I may
...r account.
...esteem, sir, yours.

...ULWAR SKIPWITH.

LISBON, 1st June, 1803.
... in this city—Philadelphia.

...ider it will be useful to you
... occurrences of our market
...r produce, we take the li-
...m you, that arrivals having
...e time ceased, our buyers
...ar, which led us to hope for
... the prices, but within these
... less than 19 cargoes have
...osed chiefly of flour, which
...ed a fresh alarm, and they
...come forward with any pro-
...article.
...h ports both to the north-
...hward, afford no greater en-
...as in some there is no sale
...thers by a tedious retail on-
...able to dispose of a cargo;
... now no resource, it is im-
... where our prices will set-
...nt flour may be nominally
...ols. per barrel; wheat at 1
... Indian corn at 80 cents per
...l.
...ain looks better, but as the

...rop will be housed in about 3 months, and ...ow bears an abundant appearance, it will ...e precarious meddling with it to this mar...et. As to wheat, we know of several ...argoes expected, which will naturally ...revent any advance in the prices.

We remain, very respectfully,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN BULKELEY & SON.

Dollars 818 to 820 reas each.

A POLITICAL CATECHISM.

Question. What is liberty?

Answer. Liberty is an angel; she is the first born of heaven; she is a goddess: and all who refuse to worship her, are unworthy to breathe the vital air.

Q. Is this goddess visible?

A. She is always invisible to man in *civil society*; nor can *civilized* man fully conceive what she is. The *savage*, alone, the *savage*, only, knows her charms, and quaffs bowls of nectar from her hands.

Q. Since liberty is invisible, how is it known that she really exists?

A. Her existence is known by a supernatural, or rather a *preternatural* afflatus or inspiration; and it is also known from the works of her hands.

Q. Have some men been favoured with extraordinary measures of this afflatus or inspiration?

A. Yes; there have been *apostles* of liberty—sublimated souls; who panted with unutterable fervor for a near communion with the goddess;—such were the French philosophists; such also were Robespierre, Marat, Danton, and hundreds of others, in the French republic, who fired with the holy zeal of liberty, sacrificed millions of human victims at her shrine.

Q. What are the *works* of liberty, which manifest her existence?

A. The works of liberty, which manifest her existence, are very many and very wonderful to tell. In Republican France, above all countries, the works of liberty have appeared, in numbers and sublimity, such as to excite a most pleasing astonishment:—*there* a pretty *prostitute*, dressed in white, was enthroned in a temple as the representative of the goddess, and was worshipped by that *enlightened* people. *There* there was paid a due tribute to the goddess liberty; not of silver and gold, but of the lives of myriads of men, women and children.—How august was the scene, when liberty, in the full exercise of her prerogatives, erected a thousand *Bastiles*; when blood flowed from guillotines, like rivers; when the groans and wailings of *reprobates*, met with the mockery and derision they deserved; when the waters of the river Loire were discoloured with blood and choaked with human corses; when *sans-culottes* took rank of nobles, and rent the air with shouts of *vive la liberte!*——*Ca ira* was resounded over the wide-spread gallic regions; *ca ira* was responded, in this country, by every friend of the equal rights of man.——Ah, that was a glorious day! —Never was liberty so triumphant; never were her works so manifest.

Q. What are your ideas of the liberty of political opinion.

A. I glory in it as the birth-right of every free-born American; it is dearer than life itself:—stripped of *that*, I should fell myself a slave—a grovelling worm of the dust.

Q. Wherein *consists* the liberty of political opinion?

A. The liberty of political opinion consists in *this*, that every man, nay, that every woman and child, in the United States, have free permission to think as the leaders of the democrats think:—and I boldly aver, and will maintain it, that any act or edict, that should contravene this liberal construction of the liberty of political opinion, would be an act of "political intolerance," both "despotic and wicked."

Q. What are the peculiar privileges belonging to those whose political opinions are perfectly orthodox?

A. They are cherished in the bosom of our holy church; all their *moral* offences are blotted out, or covered with the mantle of charity; their follies and weaknesses are never marked against them; to them exclusively belongeth the privilege of eligibility to offices of all grades, from the highest to the lowest.

Q. What are the penalties to be inflicted on those who fall into a licentiousness respecting political opinion, so far forth as to presume to think for themselves?

A. They are to be excommunicated; they are to be anathamitised; all their former services are to be buried under a torrent of holy execration against their abominable heresy; they are to be chased from whatever offices they had held; and their removal from office is to be instantly followed by gibbeting their characters.

Q. Is such a "procedure" justified by respectable *precedents*?

A. It is: the republics, both in France and England; the reigns of the Edwards, and the Henrys,—of Richard third—of queen Mary—of the whole Stewarts—and also the records of the star-chamber, furnish a variety of precedents in favour of such a compulsory *uniformity*—precedents, which had been buried under the rust of time, and are therefore venerable for their antiquity.

Q. What is liberty of speech?

A. It is the liberty of speaking well of the present administration, (Mr. Burr excepted) and of all who have obtained, or shall obtain offices under it, in whatever ways or by whatever means.

[*To be continued.* [*Balance.*

THE activity of the human mind, which will not suffer a pause from thought, is ever in pursuit of matter on which to exercise it; and no sooner has attained one object than, scarcely allowing itself time to dwell upon the enjoyment of that, it flies off panting in search of another.—Thus the war between France and England has for several months kept the public mind in a ferment of anxiety, curiosity and suspence; and now that doubt has vanished, its means and mode of prevention, and its probable consequences, occupy more or less the consideration of every one, and already excite much vague speculation, and much groundless discussion. Will there be war? when will it *begin?* where the questions of every mouth but a week ago; and now where, when, or how will it *end*, takes the place of those and supplies colloquial food to every company. To collate and to compare every circumstance attending the business, and from the slightest materials which the newspaper intelligence from Europe affords us, deduce and offer to our readers such inferences, as our previous knowledge of European politicks, aided by our best reasoning, can help us to, is no less our duty as Editors, than our inclination as the friends of society at large. The discharge of that duty shall be always next our hearts, and the objects we allude to always in our view. Whenever we go wrong, let it be remembered that we speak concerning matters in which from their very nature there can be no certainty, which even to those who, standing in the most elevated situations in Europe, can see far, are but very obscure, at all, discernable—and which, therefore, to humble beings like us, at this distance, afford room for no more than rational conjecture.

We confess then, that the conduct of Bonaparte appears the most extraordinary, unaccountable, and indeed extravagant of any we have ever heard of, read, or even imagined. Making every allowance for the infinitely varied, motley failings of a man at once so multifariously great, low, and wicked, we are still at a loss for any rational, probable footing upon which to put it. We know that successful demagogues, and knavish popular leaders, when they once get the ring in their nose and the bridle bit in their mouth never fail to curb, torture and oppress the people who submit to them. We know that even men born to power, nursed under canopies of state, and swaddled in purple, are in general more than sufficiently harsh and rigid in the exercise of that power, and that upstarts are universally intolerably despotic, unfeeling, and tyrannical. We know that men trained to blood, like dogs so trained, passionately love and pursue the scent of it as long as they live. We know that deep guilt is remorseless, and what men in the natural unforced condition of their hearts would recoil from with horror and dismay, they will when like Macbeth their "fears are harped aright," plunge into with all the "rash precipitation of fear." We are sure that Bonaparte must know that the human race and he are now as naturally enemies, as wolves and sheep, with this difference, that mankind, or nine in every ten of them, are able to destroy him.—We know that all those circumstances do or may apply to Bonaparte—but we know that the man *was* cunning as the serpent, and we have not yet heard that his intellects are decayed. That they may be a little injured by his dizzy height, is possible—but they yet remain above the common standard of mankind. Possessed of a despotic throne by usurpation, common sense would suggest that he had no chance for security in it, but the affections of the people, and that those could only be obtained by converting his ill got power into an instrument for their happiness. Armed with such power what might he not do, by cultivating the arts of peace, and by moderation and justice to other nations? In his people's affections he would be secure from the assaults of foreign potentates, however justly jealous of him as an example of successful usurpation they might be, and in the strict observance of justice between France and her neighbors he would have an indefeasible claim to their respect.

To what diabolical perversion of mind, or to *what hidden motive* are we then to ascribe his conduct as pourtrayed in the declaration of the British cabinet? In fact considering the man we cannot help thinking either that guilt and pride have bereft him of all prudence, or that there is in the whole *something more than meets the eye*. Time will tell.

Meanwhile, it is observable that the rest of Europe is arming. The Russian armaments, all along supposed (we always thought very ridiculously) to be against Sweden are intended to preserve the neutrality of the North. From all the powers yet left independent, to whom the First Consul has applied for aid, and to shut up their ports against England, he has received a direct refusal. It is obvious that Europe will be again in arms against France. That he will compel them to take a share in the affair we think to be certain. But to what end, and for what purpose it is hazardous, indeed highly presumptious to pretend foreteiling.

(Charls. Courier.)

"If 'twere no treason," we could hardly refrain from giving it as our opinion, that the following is one of the best Epigrams we have lately seen. It is copied from the *Middletown Gazette*.

[*Balance.*]

"EPIGRAM—*On the celebration of the 4th of July by the Democrats at the Jail in Hartford County.*

"How comes it, (says Jack to his messmate one morn)
While our Fees take the field and your skulking holes scorn,
That the Demos, who bluster as how they'd prevail,
One by one, like *Deserters*, steal off to the jail?
Say, shipmate, unriddle this wond'rous affair"—
"Nothing plainer (says Tom)—*half the party live there.*"

Orbituary.——It is with much regret we mention the death of M. JACQUES LEVILLAIN, commercial agent of the French republic for the state of Maryland. M. Levillain was a gentleman of strong mind, extensive literary acquirements, correct taste, amiable social manners, and a good heart. In his official conduct no person had reason for the least complaint either of neglect or of presumption. In his private life he possessed in a superior degree the power of attaching to himself the esteem of all who knew him. In his death he deserves to be, and is, sincerely lamented. He died on Friday evening, after a short, but severe attack of billious fever. *(Anti-Democrat.)*

MATTHEW EAKIN
Has just received & for sale,
A parcel of
FRESH ORANGES.
August 1. d3t

To Parents, Guardians, &c.

A PERSON well recommended as a Teacher, &c. intends to commence
A SCHOOL
on Monday the 8th of August next, in the house lately occupied by Mr. Denney, St. Asaph street, between King and Prince streets, Alexandria. The following branches of literature will be taught: English, Latin and Greek grammar; the mathematics, reading, writing, arithmetic, merchants' accounts, &c. He will endeavor to do justice to children under his care.
July 30. 3t‡ smw

Positively the last Night.
VENTRILOQUISM
The Citizens of Alexandria are respectfully informed that
MR. RANNIE
will exhibit his Ventriloqual Powers,
On Thursday Evening next,
for the last time in this town. Such as feel disposed to reward merit and be witness to the most surprising feats of Ventriloquism and dexterity on the
Slack-Wire, &c.
are requested to attend at *Mr. Gadsby's Ball Room* at 8 o'clock on that evening.
August 3.

THEATRE.

On WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 3d,
Will be presented a favorite Play, called
LOVERS' VOWS.
Frederick, *(being his first appearance on this stage)* Mr. RUTHERFORD.

To which will be added a Musical Entertainment, called
The WATERMAN:
OR,
The First of August.

☞ Doors to be opened at 6, and the performance to begin at 7 o'clock precisely.
Box 6s. Pitt 4s6.

☞ Subscribers are respectfully informed their tickets will be left at Mr Thomas's book store.
August 2.

For Sale,
A healthy, stout, young Negro Woman. Enquire of the Printer.
August 3. d

☞ *Notice.*
A Court of Enquiry, for the 2d Legion of the Militia of the District of Columbia, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Alexandria, on Thursday the 11th instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the assessment of fines, (on good cause shewn) imposed by the battalion courts of enquiry, and for the performance of other duties prescribed by law, where all persons interested are requested to attend.
August 3. d7t

Ten Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 19th of July, a negro man named
MOSES.
he is a tall boney man, about 6 feet high, not very fleshy, has a remarkable scar across the middle of his nose, his hair long and strait for that of a Negro, though not tied. He has been several times seen skulking about Alexandria. Any person who will deliver me the said Negro, or secure him and give me information thereof, shall receive the above reward.
AUG: J. SMITH.
Fairfax County,
Aug. 3. eo

For Sale,
2000 bushels Richmond Coal.
Apply to Wm. OXLEY.
August 1. d5t

Mechanic Relief Society.
A Quarterly Meeting of the above society will be held at the Council Chamber, on Wednesday the 3d August, at 7 o'clok in the evening.
J. V. Thomas,
Aug. 1 d3t Sec'ry.

BRUFF's
Patent Teeth Extractor,
By means of which the operation of tooth drawing is rendered infinitely easier, safer, and more expeditious than by any other mothed hitherto discovered. The subscriber having purchased the exclusive right to the use of the above instrument, for the district of Alexandria, offers his services to those who may need assistance in that line.
CHARLES DOUGLASS.
Harper's wharf, Prince street,
August, 1. eo4w

For Sale,
An excellent MILCH COW.
Enquire of the Printer,
July 22. d

CATALOGUE
OF
BOOKS & PAMPHLETS,
Juſt received for Sale,
By R. and J. GRAY,
At their Store, King ſtreet,

COPIES of Intercepted Letters from the army of Gen. Bonaparte in Egypt, 3 vols. 8vo.

Memoirs of the Operations of the Army of the Danube, under command of Gen. Jourdan

Narrative of the Deportation to Cayenne, of Barthelemy, Pichegru, Willott, Marbois, Larue, Ramel, &c. &c. in conſequence of the Revolution of the 18th Fructidor, (Sept. 4, '97,) 8vo.

Miſanthropy and Repentance, a novel from the German, with a beautiful Frontiſpiece.

Llewellen, a tale in 3 vols.

Love of Fame, the Univerſal Paſſion, in 7 characteriſtical ſatires.

Scott's Poems, lyric, devotional and moral.

Croſby's London Letter Writer.

Fordyce's Art of Preaching.

The Devil upon Crutches in England, or Night Scenes in London, a ſatirical work.

Pro and Con, or the Opinioniſts.

Scripture Hiſtories, or Intereſting Narratives extracted from the Old Teſtament, for the inſtruction and amuſement of youth, by Mrs. Pilkington.

Female Ægis, or the Duties of Women.

Letters from a Preceptreſs to her Pupils who have left her.

Siameſe Tales, being a collection of hiſtories told to the ſon of the Mandarin Sam Sib.

Obi, or three finger'd Jack, on which is founded the Pantomime of the Egyptian Robber.

Dr. Goldſmith's Eſſays and Poems.

Lord Lyttleton's Poems.

Poetical Works of John Philips.

Caſtle of Otranto, a Gothic Story.

Young Gentleman's Parental Monitor.

Yorick's Sentimental Journey.

Fielding's Journal of a Voyage to Liſbon.

The Doctrine of the New Jeruſalem, concerning the Lord. Tranſlated from the original Latin of hon. Emanuel Swedenborg.

The two Princes of Perſia.

Muſeum of Wit.

The Hermit of Warkſworth.

The Birth Day, or Moral Dialogues and Stories.

Roach's Hiſtory of the Stage.

Viſions in Verſe for the entertainment of youth.

Rowe's Devout Exerciſes of the Heart.

Feſtival of Mirth.

Emma, or the Victim of Depravity.

Wonderful Tales; Cavern of Horrors.

Hiſtory of a Reprobate.

Theatrical Olio.

Fatal Prediction, or the Midnight Aſſaſſin.

Hiſtory of the Queen of France.

Female Warrior, or the Adventures of Hannah Snell.

More Kotzebue, or my own Pizarro, a farce.

Tudor Owen; Gothic Stories; Henrietta Bellgrave; Henry Lanſon; Cabinet of Love; Art of Swimming; Book of Fate; the Union Volentine Writer; Midnight Meſſenger, & a number of others too numerous to inſert in an advertiſement.

They are moſtly in cheap paper binding—the greater part of them have an elegant frontiſpiece—are lately imported from London—have been bought low, and will be ſold by the dozen or ſingle, conſiderably lower than their real value.

July 18. d

WILL BE SOLD,
To the higheſt bidder, on Tueſday the 23d Auguſt next,

A two ſtory Frame HOUSE, ſituated in an alley leading to the Market Square, commonly called Gretter's alley. Said Houſe and Lot is encumbered with annual rent of 4l. 2s. All other particulars are unneceſſary, as it is preſumed the purchaſer will wiſh to view the property. The terms of ſale are caſh.

Sally Clements,
Geo. Gretter,
Chas. Gretter.

N. B. Should the day prove unfavorable, it will be ſold the next fair day.

July 27. d3teods

Notice.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of *William Triplett*, of Round Hill, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them forward for adjuſtment and payment; and all thoſe indebted to the eſtate are reſpectively called upon to make immediate payment to the Executors—it being their anxious wiſh to cloſe all the accounts, and ſettle with the legatees as ſoon as poſſible.

Charles Little,
Geo. Triplett, } *Ex'trs.*

July 7. co

Lands for Sale.

The ſubſcriber wiſhes to ſell a TRACT of LAND, ſituate near the foot of the Blue Ridge and Short Hills, in Loudoun county, Virginia: Bounded partly by the Potomac River, within two miles of Harper's Ferry and the mouth of Shenandoah. It is a ſtrong, good ſoil, anſwering perfectly well for plaiſter of Paris, and contains by patent 2340 acres. It is ſo well known, as a valuable and fine tract of land, that a further deſcription is unneceſſary, as thoſe who incline to purchaſe will of courſe view and examine it. A clear and indiſputable title will be given by the ſubſcriber. There is no mortgage, judgment, debt, leaſe, claim, or demand whatſoever againſt any part. It having been always let to tenants at low annual rents, who are raiſed and removable at will, but the occupying tenants (through favor only) have been permitted to claim from any coming-in tenant, one half of the depoſit money, as ſettled between them for improvements and good will; the other half going to the landlord. There are at preſent ſixteen or ſeventeen tenants upon the eſtate at very low rents: and it is recommended as an object well worth the attention of any perſon who would purchaſe the whole, and parcel it out into leſſer farms, the reſident tenants and others wiſhing to buy parts of it. The terms are a portion of one fourth paid down in money, or approved negociable paper, the remainder in one, two or three years as may be agreed on, carrying intereſt from the day of ſale. Application may be made perſonally, or by letter, to the ſubſcriber reſiding at Warburton, on Potomac River, near Alexandria, to Mr. James M'Ilheney, near the premiſes, or to Mr. John Janney, merchant, Alexandria.

Thos. Atwood Digges.

July 20. eotm

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in the town of Dumfries, on Thurſday the 14th ult. a bright Mulatto ſervant, named GEORGE, the property of Hector Alexander, merchant, and hired by the ſubſcriber. He is between 20 and 22 years of age, well made, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, is very fair to be a Mulatto, full faced, a little pitted with the ſmall pox, ſhort, ſtraight, black hair; he is by trade a ſhoemaker.——He had, when he runaway, a white flannel coattee, nearly new, a country cloth do. of a park yellow broad ſtripe, almoſt new, a dair of new nankeen pantaloons, white dimity jacket, a pair of ſtriped ſilk and cotton ſtockings, and, I believe, ſome white cotton do. two pair of fine ſhoes, nearly new, and a fine felt hat half worn. He is an artful fellow, and may attempt to paſs himſelf as a white man. Whoever brings the above fellow to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward and reaſonable charges, or the above reward if confined in any jail ſo that I get him again.

James S. Drinan.

N. B. Every perſon is cautioned from harboring him, and maſters of veſſels from taking him away at their peril.

July 30. co6t‡

Twenty Five Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, in Frederickſburg, a ſmall mulatto man named ELLIA; very well made, has a blackiſh appearance under one of his eyes; he generally affects a ſmile, but when ſpoken to ſudenly, he ſtammers and appears much confuſed: had on, when he went away, a brown big coat, with a velvet cape of orange color, black veſt, light colored corded pantaloons and a fine linen ſhirt. The above reward will be paid to any perſon who will apprehend him, and confine him in jail, ſo that his maſter may get him again, on information being lodged with the Printer.

Lemuel Fowler.

July 25. eo3t‡

Dividend.

In the caſe of Thomas Moore, *a Bankrupt.*

THE Commiſſioners named in the Commiſſion of Bankruptcy awarded and iſſued againſt Thomas Moore of the town of Alexandria intend to meet on Monday the 15th day of Auguſt next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Mr. John Gadſby, in the ſaid town, in order to make a dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of ſaid Bankrupt, when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts under the ſaid Commiſſion, are hereby required to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the benefit of the ſaid dividend.

Wm. OXLEY, Aſſignee.

July 14 eo13t.

N. B. Thoſe who have claims againſt Thomas Moore, are requeſted to leave them at the Compting-Houſe of Wm. Oxley, previous to the above meeting of the Commiſſioners.

THOMAS SIMMS
HAS JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,
Freſh from Liſbon, in a ſhort paſſage by the ſch'r Rachel, Hacker,

A few boxes of excellent large Lemons; good Engliſh Walnuts.
Freſh Limes by the brig Lucy.
Excellent ſoft ſhell'd Almonds,
Do. Prunes,
Do. Raiſins, by the box,
Do. Figs and Filberts,
Holland Gin, French Brandy,
Jamaica Spirit, Wine,
Loaf, lump and brown Sugar,
Barley,
Salad Oil, Olives, Anchovies & Capers,
Gin caſes empty and full, as may be deſired,
A quantity of well cured Bacon,
Veniſon Hams,
Pork, (1 hog to the bl.)
Fiſh by the bl. &c. &c.

July 16. d

JUST RECEIVED,
And for ſale by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore on Union ſtreet,

Large Liſbon Lemons by the box,
Engliſh Walnuts by the frail or pound,
Fine large Prunes and Figs,
Freſh Limes.
By the Little Poll, from New Providence,
30 doz. large, fine Pine Apples.
Excellent Phila. bottled Cyder by the barrel or bottle,
[illegible] quality Chewing Tobacco,
[illegible] Tamarinds,
Almonds, Raiſins,
Will make most of the Good Things of this life, if you will but Turn the Corner.

A. WILLIS.

July 16. d

Juſt Publiſhed,
And for Sale at this office—price 50 cents,

A TREATISE
On Practical Farming:
Embracing particularly the following ſubjects, viz.
The uſe of Plaiſter of Paris, with Directions for uſing it; and general Obſervations on the uſe of other Manures.
On deep Ploughing; thick Sowing of Grain; method of preventing Fruit Trees from Decaying, and
Farming in General.]
By John A. Binns,
Of Loudoun County, Virginia, Farmer

May 31. 2aw

One Cent Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on Wedneſday the 20th inſt. an apprentice to the houſe joiner's buſineſs, named *Samuel Ballenger*, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, dark complexion, and has a down look when ſpoken to. The above reward will be given to whoever ſhall apprehend and bring home ſaid apprentice.

James M'Guire.

July 26. d3t

Genuine Port Wine.

Juſt received per brig Commerce, captain Baldwin, from Oporto, and will commence landing this afternoon,

90 Quarter caſks Port Wine, 50 ditto, ditto, ſuch as is uſually ſhipped to the London Market, for ſale by

J. & T. VOWELL.

July 11. d.

JUST PUBLISHED,
By COTTOM & STEWART,
AND FOR SALE
At their Bookſtore, and the Bookſtore of J. V. Thomas,
(PRICE ONE DOLLAR,)

LETTERS
FROM HIS EXCELLENCY
Gen. GEO. WASHINGTON,
TO
Sir ARTHUR YOUNG,
AND
Sir J. SINCLAIR, Bart.
ON
AGRICULTURE,
AND
OTHER INTERESTING TOPICS.

Few works have been publiſhed in America, that claim the agriculturiſt's attention more than this. Added to his own experiments, opinions and calculations, it contains thoſe of the moſt eminent farmers in the middle ſtates; collected from them by himſelf, and tranſmitted to the Britiſh Board of Agriculture of which he was an honorary member.

April 25. d

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on the 10th of July, a Negro man named LEWIS: he is 22 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well ſet, dark complexion; has a ſcar on his forehead which, I think, comes down between his eyes; is bow legg'd, and has a ſcar on one of his feet, between the toes, occaſioned by the cut of an ax: he can read and write a little, has a very bold look, talks free and ſenſibly, and, at times, aſſumes a confidence when ſpeaking, that would induce ſome to ſuppoſe that what he ſaid was the truth: he ſpeaks Dutch a little, and I expect has a paſs, as he been in Alexandria where he went under the name of *Lewis Hurley*. When he eloped he had on a long, blue cloth coat, red waiſtcoat, and reddiſh colored pantaloons, a high crown'd hat, band and buckle; I believe his other clothing were home made. The above reward will be given for ſecuring him in any jail, ſo that I get him again, on giving information to Meſſrs. S. Croudſon and Co. Alexandria, with reaſonable charges if brot home.

ROGER ABBOTT,
Culpepper County, Virginia.

☞ All maſters of veſſels and others are cautioned againſt harbouring or carrying off ſaid fellow at their peril.

July 28. taw3‡

☞ The Editors of the Waſhington Federaliſt, Geo. Town, the Federal Gazette, Baltimore, and U. States Gazette, Philadelphia, are requeſted to publiſh the above advertiſement once a week, for 3 weeks, in their reſpective papers, and ſend their accounts to the Editor.

FOR SALE,
That noted ſtand in Botetourt county, lt. between Fincaſtle and the Sweet Springs, commonly called
The Half Way Houſe;
And at preſent occupied by Mr. George Walker, as
A TAVERN.

THERE are 444 acres in the tract, about 80 or 85 acres of which are cleared and under good fencing and cultivation; there are on the premiſes, a good dwelling houſe, kitchen, ſtable, &c. and a moſt excellent and never failing ſpring, within a rod or two of the door. This land, lying on Craig's Creek, is well watered and timbered, fertile and productive; containing a ſmall meadow, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow ground, and lies within 15 miles of James river navigation. A great bargain may be had in this place, by a payment of half the purchaſe money in hand; for the other moiety an accommodating credit will be given, and an indiſputable title made to the purchaſer. The land will be readily ſhewn to any gentleman, by Mr. Walker, who lives on the premiſes. For contract apply to the ſubſcriber in Staunton, or at the Sweet Springs, in the months of July and Auguſt. Entire poſſeſſion of the premiſes may be had on the firſt day of December next. ROBERT BAILEY.

June 21. taw2m

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